

ABSTRACT

5 Antisense compounds, compositions and methods are provided for modulating the expression of cholesteryl ester transfer protein. The compositions comprise antisense compounds, particularly antisense oligonucleotides, targeted to nucleic acids encoding cholesteryl ester
10 transfer protein. Methods of using these compounds for modulation of cholesteryl ester transfer protein expression and for treatment of diseases associated with expression of cholesteryl ester transfer protein are provided.

[illegible]